



Presentation to Association of Irish Local Government

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Coimisiún na hÉireann um Chearta an Duine agus Comhionannas

Irish Human Rights and Equality Commission

The Irish Human Rights and Equality Commission



IHREC is Ireland's national human rights and equality institution.

- IHREC is an independent public body, appointed by the President and directly accountable to the Oireachtas.
- We have a statutory remit to protect and promote human rights and equality and build a culture of respect for human rights, equality and intercultural understanding in Ireland.
- Our vision is of an inclusive Ireland where human rights and equality are respected, protected and fulfilled for everyone, everywhere.



The Irish Human Rights and Equality Commission



IHREC Strategy Statement 2022–2024.

Our strategic priorities for 2022 to 2024

- 1. Economic equality
- 2. Justice
- 3. Respect and recognition
- 4. Future proofing
- 5. Public Sector Duty







Section 42 Irish Human Rights and Equality Commission Act 2014





What is the Public Sector Equality and Human Rights Duty?

S42 of the Irish Human Rights and Equality Commission Act 2014



Number 25 of 2014

Irish Human Rights and Equality Commission Act 2014

Public bodies

- 42. (1) A public body shall, in the performance of its functions, have regard to the need to—
 - (a) eliminate discrimination,
 - (b) promote equality of opportunity and treatment of its staff and the persons to whom it provides services, and
 - (c) protect the human rights of its members, staff and the persons to whom it provides services.

What do Public Sector Bodies have to do?



In summary, S42(2) of the IHREC Act 2014 requires a public body:

1. To assess



Set out in its **strategic plan** an **assessment** of the **human rights and equality issues** it believes to be relevant to the functions and purpose of the body, in a manner that is **accessible to the public.**

2. To address



Set out in its **strategic plan** the **policies, plans and actions** in place or proposed to be put in place to address those issues, in a manner that is **accessible to the public.**

3. To report



Report on **developments and achievements** in relation to 1 and 2 above **in its annual report**, in a manner that is **accessible to the public.**



Across the Functions

- Organisational Planning
- Corporate Services
- Human Resources
- Service Provision
- Regulatory Functions

Strategic Planning Cycle

 The Duty is an ongoing obligation on public bodies, which must be incorporated as part of an organisation's strategic planning cycle.



Three stage approach To implementing the Duty



Step 1: Assess

Step 2:Address

Step 3: Report



Step 1: Assess

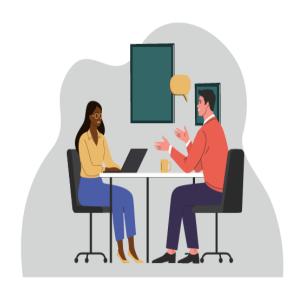


Conducting a Human Rights and Equality Assessment

There are **three stages** to consider when undertaking the Human Rights and Equality Assessment.

It involves:

- 1. Identifying human rights and equality issues
- Identifying structures and initiatives in place to support human rights and equality.
- 3. Prioritising areas for action



Step 1: Assess

Conducting a Human Rights and Equality Assessment

A Human Rights and Equality Assessment should focus on:

- Service users and staff covered by the nine grounds under equality legislation.
- Human rights that pertain to the purpose and function of a public body including its functions relating to staff.
- Intersectionality: Important to note that many people experience multiple forms of discrimination.





Step 1: Assess



Conducting a Human Rights and Equality Assessment

A Human Rights and Equality Assessment should be evidence based:

- Consultation with staff and service users
- Representations from Elected members
- Cases taken to Workplace Relations
 Commission under employment equality
 and equal status legislation
- Civil society organisations reports / submissions.



Step 2: Address



Addressing Human Rights and Equality issues identified

Agree priority actions to address equality and human rights issues identified

- Identify Equality & Human Rights issues
- Consider & prioritise actions
- Include actions in Strategic Plan
 - Annual Work Programme
 - Budget, Staff roles



Step 3: ReportReporting on progress



 Public bodies should include in their annual report progress and achievements in relation to actions and plans identified.

Focus on outcomes, taking into account the impact of actions for different groups of people to whom an organisation provides services





Monaghan County Council Pilot Project



Worked with IHREC to model how the PSD can be implemented in Local government

Steps involved	Monaghan County Council
 SMT buy in Cross department team Mixture of seniority/roles Values identified Issues highlighted Suggested actions put forward Recommendations to IHREC 	



Monaghan County Council Pilot Project



Worked with IHREC to model how the PSD can be implemented in Local government

Lack of awareness/understanding	Key outcomes	Monaghan County Council
 Inaccessible Information Policy decision making Corporate planning guidelines Procurement Public Consultation 	 Inaccessible Communication Inaccessible Information Policy decision making Corporate planning guidelines Procurement 	

Step 2: Address



Addressing Human Rights and Equality issues identified

Example: Actions to address equality and human rights issues identified in Monaghan County Council.

Issue identified	Suggested actions
1. Public Consultation processes is	1. Develop an Inclusive Consultation policy
not inclusive, it doesn't provide	that considers and accommodates the
equal opportunity to participate.	needs of all members of the public.
2. Information on voting in elections is	2. Develop an Easy to Read Guide to Voting-
not accessible.	setting out easy to read information on all
	stages of the voting process.



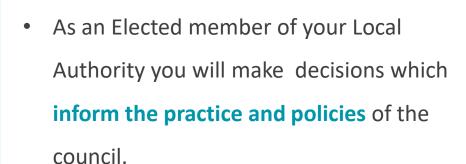
The Public Sector Equality and Human Rights Duty Why is it important?

It is the **State's responsibility** to:

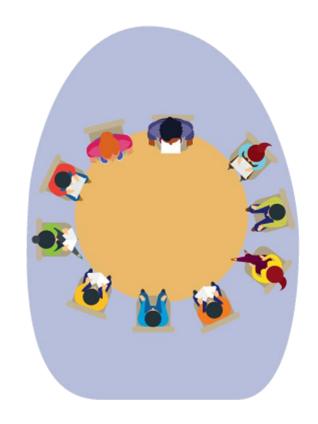
- respect, protect and fulfil human rights, in line
 with its international commitments.
- to be proactive in ensuring that all public bodies are human rights and equality compliant.
- Improving public services by addressing issues so that they meet the needs of everyone who requires them.







You can make a real difference by bringing
 equality and human rights into your
 analysis into plans, programmes and
 policies that you make decisions on.



The Public Sector Equality and Human Rights Duty What can you do?

Ask your Chief Executive what they are doing with regards to

the Public Sector Equality and Human Rights Duty.

- Is there is someone who has responsibility within the council for the Public Sector Duty?
- Has an assessment of equality and Human rights issues been completed or is it planned?
- Has an action plan to address equality and human rights issues been prepared/planned?



The Public Sector Equality and Human Rights Duty What can you do?

Ask your Chief Executive to include an update on progress with the public sector duty in monthly management reports.

- Ensure the Annual report includes progress on the implementation of the duty before adopting it at council.
- In the preparation for the next Corporate plan, ensure
 the duty is embedded in the strategic planning process
- Ask your executive for more information on equality and human rights if you need it.



The Public Sector Equality and Human Rights Duty

What can you do?

- Elected members should become familiar
 with the Equality and Human Rights in the public service.
 - Consider completing Introductory module in
 Equality and Human rights in the public service
 eLearning from IHREC.
 - Engage with your PPN to identify issues in your community.







The Public Sector Equality and Human Rights Duty What can you do?

Ask your Chief Executive if Equality and Human

Rights proofing has been conducted on any all plans,

policies adopted by the council.

- Think about the purpose of the policy presented and how the propose actions relate to and impact on the people you represent.
- Before you sign off on plans, programmes and policies
 put forward to Council you should be confident that no
 one in the community will be left behind by decisions
 made.

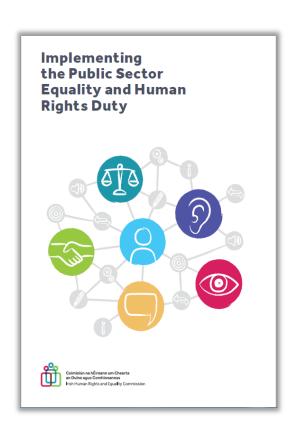






The Commission's Role Re: the Duty

- Section 42(3): May give guidance to public bodies in developing policies of, and exercising, good practice and operational standards in relation to, human rights and equality.
- Section 42(4): May issue guidelines or prepare codes of practice.
- Under section 42(5), the IHREC may, in certain circumstances, invite public bodies to:
 - carry out a review in relation to the performance by that body
 of its functions
 - prepare and implement an action plan in relation to the performance by that body of its functions
 - such a review or action plan may be general or have a specific
 focus related to an aspect of human rights or discrimination



The Public Sector Equality and Human Rights Duty



- 1 in 6 Irish Adults have difficulty with written word.
- 1 in 4 Irish adults have difficulty with numbers and basic maths
- 42% of Irish adults describe themselves as being below average for digital skills.
- 13% of the population don't speak English well.
- 13.5 % of the population has a disability.





Animation: Implementing the Public Sector Equality and Human Rights Duty

https://vimeo.com/467731986



If you have any queries, questions or would like further information email publicsectorduty@ihrec.ie