12 September 2019

Climate Change

The Role of Local Authorities



Oifig Réigiúnach um Ghníomhú ar son na hAeráide Rialtas Áitiúil Réigiún an Oirthir agus Lár Tíre Climate Action Regional Offices Local Government Eastern and Midlands



Presentation Outline

- 1. Climate Change in Ireland
- 2. Impact on Local Authorities
- 3. Role of Climate Action Regional Offices
- 4. Emerging Climate Adaptation Strategies
- 5. All of Government Climate Action Plan
- 6. Future Challenges and Opportunities



Climate Action Regional Offices Local Government Eastern and Midlands





Climate Change in Ireland

Sub Heading



Higher Temperatures

Maximum, minimum and average temperatures are projected to rise 0.9-1.7°C



Frost

Decrease in the frequency of frost days



Rainfall events

The intensity of heavy events is likely to increase

Drought

Likely increase in drought conditions from low rainfall and increase in likelihood of heatwaves



Hotter days

The number of warm days is expected to increase and heatwaves are expected to occur more frequently.



Sea Level Rise

Sea levels will continue to rise for all coastal areas by up to 0.8m by 2100.



Ocean Temperature

Sea surface temperatures are expected to increase – 1.9°C by 2100



Sea level extremes

Higher Sea Levels will increase the risk of coastal hazards from storm surge and inundation



Wind

Expected increase in extreme wind speeds in winter

Climate Change in Ireland

Summary of observed impacts

Irelands climate is changing in line with global patterns;

- Temperatures are rising across all seasons
- The timing and spatial distribution of precipitation (rain, sleet and snow) is changing
- Sea levels are rising
- The frequency and intensity of extreme weather events are changing





Waterways, Sallins – 27th November 2009



Storm Emma





Storm Ophelia

- Disruption to transport networks
- Fallen trees
- Water supply & waste water treatment
 (IW SLA)
- Loss of power supply
- Clean up costs



Summer 2018

- Drought
- Reduced flow in rivers
- Damage to roads



Lost village emerges from lake as water levels plummet at Wicklow reservoir

Pictures reveal a homestead and farming equipment in the man-made reservoir.



(An Garda Siochana)

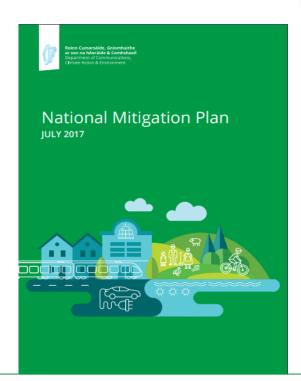
- Damage to critical infrastructure
 - Roads & bridges
 - Surface water drainage
 - Local Authority buildings and housing stock
- Flooding and water quality
- Disruption to local communities
- Changes to local bio-diversity
- Service disruption
- Additional costs



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Policy Position

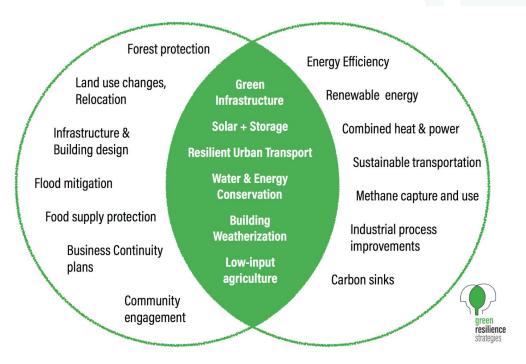
Climate Action and Low Carbon Development Act 2015





Policy Position

Adaptation + Mitigation



Policy Position

- National Adaptation Framework January 2018
- 12 Actions identified, including:
 - Approve local adaptation strategies 30th September 2019
 - Regional governance approach
 - Establish regional climate action offices to coordinate LA response to climate change

County & City Managers Association

CCMA & LGMA business case:

- Coordinate
- Reporting and Governance
- Facilitate/Foster
- Identify & address weaknesses
- Create effective linkages
- Develop Centres of Excellence
- Regional Specialisms

County & City Managers Association

- 4 geographical/topographical regions
- Based on climate risk



Atlantic Seaboard North

Mayo County Council

Atlantic Seaboard South

Cork County

Geographical & Topographical Similar Regions

Dublin Metropolitan

Dublin City Council

Eastern & Midlands

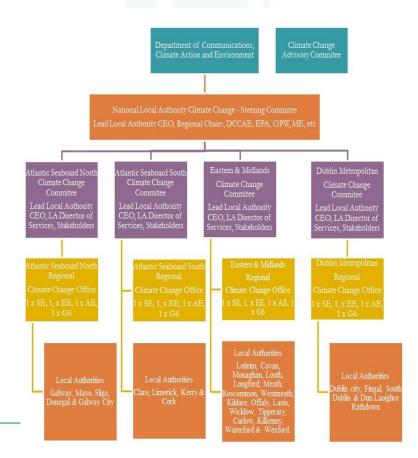
Kildare County Council Kilkenny County Council*

12/09/2019

18

County & City Managers Association

- Jan 2018, €10 million in funding over 5 years announced for Regional offices
- SLAs with DCCAE
- Governance structure in place
- SLAs with Local Authorities
- Regional liaison with Central Government & other sectors
- Develop 'Centres of Excellence'



2019 Work Programme



1 Establish Regional Offices



2 Local Authority Adaptation Strategies



3 Projects, Research and Regional Specialisms



4 Training and Education



5 Communication



6 Mitigation



Establish Regional Offices

- Offices established
- Staff Structure
 - Regional Coordinator
 - Regional Executive (2 EM CARO partner LA)
 - Regional Assistant
 - Senior Staff Officer
- Governance Structures in place
- DCCAE Work Programme agreed



Local Authority Adaptation Strategies





- Workshops
- Mentoring
- Templates / Presentations
- Regional SEA/AA Screening
- Aligning sectoral actions



Develop Projects, Research and Regional Specialisms

- Regional Specialisms
- 3rd Level Institutions
 - Research Post Doc MU/OPW
- Funding Streams
 - EPA research call
 - Climate Action Fund
 - EU Funding Regional Assemblies









Training and Education

- Training Plan Mapping gaps and training needs
 - Elected Members
 - Local Authority Staff
 - Communities
 - Technical & behvioural change training
- Training Partners
 - AILG
 - ESTG
 - IPA
 - 3rd Level Sector
 - Technical training partners (SEAI, OPW etc.)









Communication

- National Dialogue on Climate Action
 - Collaborating with EPA
 - Engagement & Awareness
 - Form networks
 - Input into policy



- Pilot Events
 - Athlone 23rd June 2018
 - Tralee 10th November 2018
 - NDCA at county level Kildare 2019 / 2020



Mitigation

- All of Government Climate Action Plan
- Challenging targets for each sector
- Develop LAs as leaders
- EU Covenant of Mayors
- ISO 50,001





Purpose of the Strategy

- Part of the National Adaptation Framework role at local level to:
 - Ensure comprehension of the key risks and vulnerabilities of climate change
 - Bring forward the implementation of climate resilient adaptation actions in a planned and proactive manner
 - Ensure climate adaptation considerations are mainstreamed into all operations and functions of the local authority.

Preparing the Strategy – establish a Climate Action Team

Fire Services

Civil Defence

Planning

Community & Enterprise

Environment

Library & Arts Services

IT/GIS

Roads & Transport

Heritage & Biodiversity

Finance

Housing /
Architectural
Services

Water Services

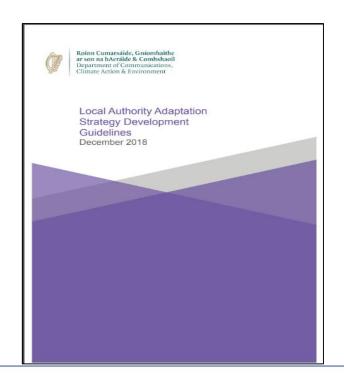
Parks

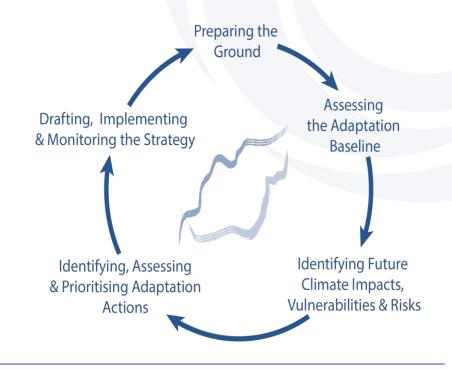
Local Enterprise Office



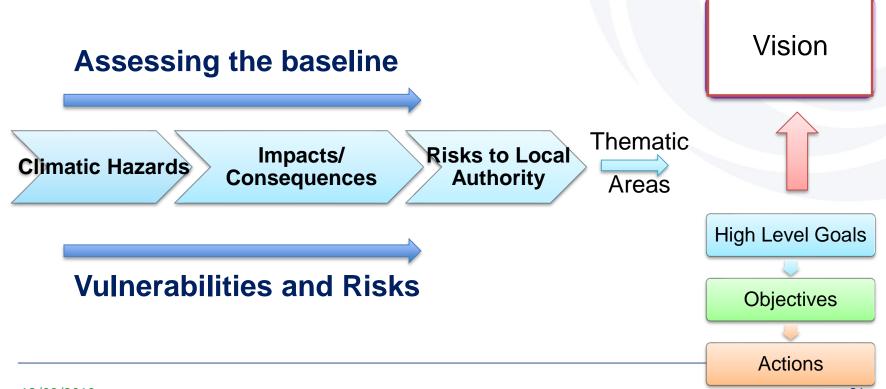


Preparing the Strategies - Guidelines





Preparing the Strategies



Approve Local Adaptation Strategies by 30th September 2019



Next Steps:
Implementation
Progress Reporting

Roll for Elected Members

- Understand strategy purpose and role it has in expanding service delivery
- Ensure Climate Change considerations are integral in decision making processes
- Support staff in implementing actions and initiatives as they strive to build organisational resilience
- Support the continued gathering of evidence base

Roll for Elected Members

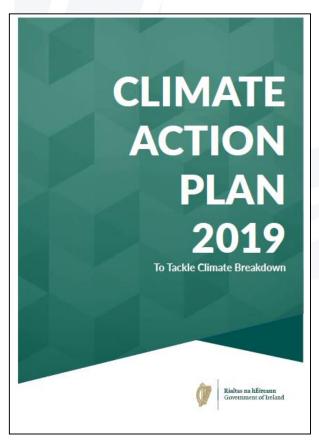
- Seek & maintain Climate Action as an agenda item
- Land use & planning climate considerations & policies
- Budgets & track implementation progress
- Leadership role within communities support behavioural change
- Promote development of "Sustainable Energy Communities"
- Propose & promote climate action projects mitigation & adaptation



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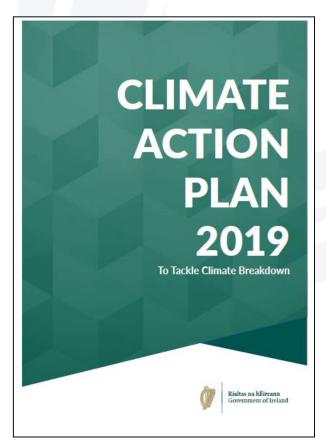
Roll of Local Authorities

- Published 17th June 2019
- 183 Actions
- Will be for basis for legislation
 - Action No. 4 Publish Climate Action (Amendment) Bill 2019
- 'Steps necessary for Delivery' listed in 'Annex of Actions'
- Plan will be updated every 12 months (p.13)
- "25% of public investment in coming decade is linked to climate action" (p.9)



Roll of Local Authorities

- Governance
 - Climate Action Delivery Board overseen by the Department of the Taoiseach
 - An independent Climate Action Council to recommend the Carbon Budget and evaluate policy
 - Strong Accountability to an Oireachtas
 Climate Action Committee
 - Carbon Proofing all Government decisions and major investments



Buildings

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Summary of Actions



from renewable









to 'B2' equivalent BER by 2030

New retrofitting delivery model.



Waste and the Circular **Economy**



Reduce the percentage of municipal waste sent to andfill to

Reduce food waste by 50% by 2030



By 2030





Recycle 55% of plastic packaging waste

Eliminate non-recyclable plastic and impose higher fees on the production of materials that are difficult to recycle

> Ban specific single-use plastic convenience items including polystyrene food. cup, and drink containers









Electricity generated





Transport

Increase the number of EVs by 2030 to circa



Build EV charging network to stay ahead of demand

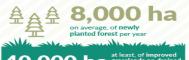
and 'Park and Ride' facilities,

No diesel-only purchases for public buses in our cities





Deliver GHG emissions reduction identified by Teagasc by creating new, sustainable opportunities for family farms









Citizens and Communities

Engage Communities across the country through:

- Establishing a Community Outreach Programme
- Driving action through the National Dialogue on Climate Action
- Increase the number of Sustainable Energy Communities to 1,500
- Develop flagship low-carbon projects in all Local Authorities







which will identify specific transition needs among cohorts of workers, enterprises, communities and specific groups of people



Enterprise and Services

Embed decarbonisation and waste management measures across all enterprises and public service bodies





Mobilise low carbon centers of excellence in our regions and across sectors

Plan for the delivery of quality employment and enterprise in the new areas of opportunity



International Action

Double the percentage of Overseas Development Aid spending on climate finance by 2030



Reduce emissions from the public sector by by 2030



Every public body will adopt a Mandate for Climate Action in 2019

Improve energy efficiency of public 5 sector buildings

by 2030



Carbon proofing all government

decisions and major investments



Climate Action Delivery Board overseen by the Taoiseach to monitor delivery

Strong accountability to an Oireachtas Climate Action Committee

Year Carbon Budget

Independent Climate Action Council to recommend the Carbon Budget and evaluate policy



Carbon Pricing

Trajectory of Carbon Pricing to create behaviour changing incentives and avoid locking in carbon intensive technologies

Roll of Local Authorities – Example of Actions

Action No	Action
145	Develop a strategy to achieve at least a 30% reduction of CO ₂ eq. emissions by 2030 and a 50% improvement in public sector efficiency
146	Strengthen incentives and supports to enable managers and Energy Performance Officers to deliver new 2030 targets
147	Introduce a Climate Action charter for each Local Authority through the use of Ministerial direction
148	Mandate the inclusion of green criteria in procurements using public funds

Roll of Local Authorities – Example of Actions

Action No	Action
149	Enable the deployment of electric vehicles (EVs) in public sector fleets
150	Support the development of Local Authority Climate Action leadership and capacities – training of EMs, Snr Management, Staff
165	Extend flagship low-carbon projects to other towns and villages (e.g. Portlaoise Low-Carbon Town)
182	Build local and regional resilience to the climate change – Local Authority Climate Change Adaptation Strategies

Roll of Climate Action Regional Offices

- Maintain existing regional structure as a mechanism for LAs to delver actions
 - Regionalised mitigation & adaptation projects
 - Pilot projects to be rolled out across regions
- Provide technical advice, training and regional support
- Provide direction to LAs to achieve energy management standards
- Build on existing relationships with Gov Depts and state bodies
- Productive relationships with 3rd Level Institutions
- Development of regional specialisms



Future Challenges and Opportunities

12/09/2019 42

Future Challenges and Opportunities

Local Government Climate Action

- Buy in at a local level
- Climate Action Charter
- Business opportunities & innovation
- Cross sectoral collaboration
- Funding and resourcing
 - Training & capacity building
 - Staff
- Implementation of Actions
 - Regionally led and local level
- Mitigation emission reduction targets



12/09/2019 43

Future Challenges and Opportunities

Local Government Climate Action

- Creating Economic & Business
 Opportunities from Climate Change
- October 9th Tullamore Court Hotel
 - Innovation
 - New technologies
 - Circular Economy
 - Green Finance
 - Sustainable tourism
 - Clean power
 - Remote working



Temperature Anomalies by Country Years 1880 - 2017





Afghanistan	Albania	Algeria	An <mark>do</mark> rra	Angola	Antarctica	Argentina	Armenia	Australia	Au <mark>st</mark> ria	Azerbaijan	Bah <mark>amas,</mark> The	Bahrain	Bangladesh	Barbados	Belarus
Bel <mark>gi</mark> um	Belize	Benin	Bhutan	Bolivia	Bosn <mark>ia an</mark> d H.	Botswana	Brazil	Brunei	Bulgaria	Burkina Faso	Burundi	Cab <mark>o Ve</mark> rde	Cambodia	Cameroon	Canada
Central African Re	ep. Chad	Chile	China	Colombia	Co <mark>mo</mark> ros	Congo, DR	Congo, R	Costa Rica	Croatia	Cuba	Cyprus	Czechia	Côte d'Ivoire	Denmark	Djibouti
Dominica Do	omini <mark>can R</mark> epub	lic Ecuador	Egypt, Arab Rep	El Salvador E	quatorial Guine	a Eritrea	E <mark>stoni</mark> a	eSwatini	Ethiopia	Fiji	Finland	France	Gabon	Gambia, The	Georgia
Ge <mark>rm</mark> any	Ghana	Greece	Grenada	Guatemala	Guinea	Guinea-Bissau	Guyana	Haiti	Honduras	Hungary	lce <mark>la</mark> nd	India	Indonesia I	Iran, Islamic Rep	Iraq
Ireland	Israel	Italy	Ja <mark>mai</mark> ca	Japan	Jordan	Kazakhstan	Kenya	Kiribati	Korea, DPR	Korea	Kosovo	Kuwait	Kyrgy <mark>z Re</mark> public	c Lao PDR	Latvia
Lebanon	Lesotho	Liberia	Libya	Liecht <mark>e</mark> nstein	Lit <mark>huan</mark> ia	Luxembourg	Macedonia, FYR	Madagascar	Malawi	Malaysia	Maldives	Mali	Malta	Marshall Islands	Mauritania
Mauritius	Mexico	Micronesia	Moldova	Monaco	Mongolia	Montenegro	Morocco	Mozambique	Myanmar	Namibia	N <mark>aur</mark> u	Nepal	Neth <mark>er</mark> lands	New Zealand	Nicaragua
Niger	Nigeria	Norway	Oman	P <mark>akista</mark> n	Palau	Panama F	Papua New Guine	a Paraguay	Peru	Philippines	Poland	Portugal	Qatar	Romania	Russia
Rwanda	Samoa	San <mark>Ma</mark> rino	Sao Tome and P.	Saudi Arabia	Senegal	Seychelles	Sierra Leone	Sing <mark>a</mark> pore	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Solomon Islands	Somalia	South Africa	South Sudan	Spain
Sri Lanka Si	t. Kitts and Nevi	St. Lucia	St. V. and the G.	Sudan	Suriname	Sweden	Switzerland	Syria	Taiwan	Taji <mark>kis</mark> tan	Thailand	Tim <mark>or-L</mark> este	Togo	Tonga Tri	nidad and Tobago
Tunisia	Turkey	Turkmenista	n Tu <mark>va</mark> lu	Uganda	Ukraine Un	ited Arab Emir	ates UK	Uruguay	USA	Uzbekistan	V <mark>anuat</mark> u	Venezuela, RB	Vietnam	Yemen, Rep.	Zambia

Thank You! Questions?

