# Auditing, Assurance and Governance in Local Government IPA

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### External Audit: Local Government Audit Service

#### Role of the Local Government Audit Service

The Local Government Audit Service (LGAS) provides independent scrutiny of the financial stewardship of local authorities and other local bodies.

#### Role of LGAS

- carry out the audit of local government bodies in accordance with its statutory Code of Audit
   Practice, thereby fostering the highest standards of financial stewardship and public accountability
- undertake Value for Money audits, publish reports thereon and thereby assist local authorities in achieving better value for money.

#### Financial Audits

- Local authorities are statutorily obliged to keep proper books of accounts and to prepare annual financial statements of their activities to 31 December each year. These statements are to be ready for audit by the following 31 March.
- The audit of local government was updated and consolidated in <u>sections 114 to 126 of the Local Government Act, 2001</u>.

Audits are carried out in accordance with a statutory Code of Audit Practice, which includes the following:

- Purpose of Audit
- Powers and duties of Auditors
- The audit approach
- Outputs from audit
- Public accountability.

- Local Government Auditors are required to give an audit opinion on the annual financial statements of local authorities and other audited bodies.
- In addition to the audit opinion, it is custom and practice to issue statutory audit reports to the elected members on the major audits, covering any matter or matters which the auditors feels should be reported.

The Chief Executive is required to respond to this report and his/her comments may be included as part of the final report, which is an important part of public accountability.

- These reports and any associated management actions are subsequently reviewed by the <u>audit</u> committees in local authorities.
- The role of these committees in the corporate governance of local authorities have been have been greatly enhanced under new regulations issued by the Minister for the Environment, Community and Local Government, being the Local Government (Audit Committee) Regulations 2014.

Auditors also assist local authorities in improving their accounting and internal control systems by issuing <u>management</u> <u>letters</u> as part of the external audit process.

#### **Public Accountability**

- Members of the public have rights as part of the public accountability framework for local government.
- They can inspect the annual financial statement, records and other documents relating to the accounts to be audited for seven days before the formal audit commences.

- An objection to the inclusion of any item in, or the omission of any item from, the accounts of a local government organisation undergoing audit may be made to the auditor by or on behalf of any person,
- and such objection shall be made in writing, setting out the relevant particulars and grounds on which it is being made, within ten days of the commencement of audit.

The auditor shall consider such written objection in accordance with the Local Government (Financial and Audit Procedures) Regulations 2014. On receipt of the formal notice of audit from the local government auditor, the Chief Executive, Director or Manager of a local government organisation, is obliged to do the following.

- Publish a notice, seven days before the commencement of the audit, in the principal office of the organisation informing the public of the audit
- Publish the fact that the audit is to take place on the appointed day in a newspaper circulating in the administrative area of the local government organisation
- Inform the members of the local government organisation and its bankers of the appointed date for the audit to commence

#### Value for Money Audit Unit

- The Local Government Audit Service (LGAS) value for money unit carries out VFM studies on local authority operations, with a view to identifying best practice and
- recommending ways of improving existing procedures, practices and systems and thereby promoting efficiency and cost effectiveness.

- This work has focused on undertaking national studies of single issue topics and publishing reports thereon.
- The unit is also carrying out progress reports on the implementation, by local authorities, of recommendations and performance indicators contained in national studies issued by the unit.

#### Internal Audit

Internal audit is an independent, objective, assurance and consulting activity designed to add value and improve the Council's operations.

#### Working in partnership with management,

- IA can bring a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of internal control, <u>risk</u> <u>management and governance processes</u> within the organisation.
- While not absolving management of their control responsibilities, IA can provide management with assurance in relation to internal control arrangements within their areas

#### **Internal Controls**

Internal control is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance in relation to the following areas:

- Compliance with laws, regulations, policies and procedures.
- Effectiveness and efficiency of operations;
- Safeguarding of assets;
- Reliability and integrity of operational and financial information

Management are responsible and accountable for ensuring that effective internal control arrangements are in place and operate within their directorates and across the organisation.

#### Internal audit charter

- The work of internal audit is governed by an Internal Audit Charter
- which sets out areas including roles and responsibilities, authority and scope of internal audit work and reporting arrangements and compliance with audit standards.

Management, as part of their control assurance role, are obliged to participate in the audit process, preliminary review and scoping, fieldwork, reporting and follow up.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEES**

The statutory functions of audit committees are set out in the 2014 Act as:

- to review financial and budgetary reporting practices and procedures within the local authority that has established it;
- to foster the development of best practice in the performance by the local authority of its internal audit function;

- to review any audited financial statement, auditor's report or auditor's special report in relation to the local authority and assess any actions taken within that authority by its chief executive in response to such a statement or report and to report to that authority on its findings;
- to assess and promote efficiency and value for money with respect to the local authority's performance of its functions

to review systems that are operated by the local authority for the management of risks.

#### **GOVERNANCE**

Governance is concerned with developing the appropriate structures and processes for directing and managing an organisation so that stakeholders can be assured that the organisation is operating effectively and efficiently. In the case of Local Authorities, a governance framework focuses on the legal, regulatory and service obligations and on the sets of relationships between the Council, the Committees, the individual members, the Chief Executive, the executive management team, staff and stakeholders in determining the direction and performance of the organisation.

#### New Governance Framework

**Being Developed** 

#### 6 Core Principles and supporting principles

- Focusing on the purpose of the authority and on outcomes for the community and creating and implementing a vision for the local area
- Members and officers working together to achieve a common purpose with clearly defined functions and roles
- Promoting values for the authority and demonstrating the values of good governance through upholding high standards of conduct and behaviour

- ► Taking informed and transparent decisions which are subject to **effective scrutiny and managing risk**
- Developing the capacity and capability of members and officers to be effective
- Engaging with local people and other stakeholders to ensure robust public accountability

## National Oversight and Audit Commission (NOAC)

- Monitor and evaluate adherence to Service Level Agreements entered into by any local government body;
- Oversee how national local government policy is implemented by local government bodies;
- Monitor and evaluate public service reform implementation by any local government body or generally;

- Scrutinise performance of any local government body against relevant indicators as selected by NOAC (to include customer service) or as prescribed in Ministerial regulations;
- Scrutinise financial performance, including Value for Money, of any local government body in respect of its financial resources;
- Support best practice (development and enhancement) in the performance of their functions by local government bodies;

- Monitor adequacy of corporate plans prepared by Regional Assemblies and councils and evaluate implementation of the plans by any local government body or generally;
- Take steps under its other functions for the purpose of producing any report requested under the Act as well as produce reports under its own initiative; and
- Carry out any additional functions conferred by Ministerial order.

#### Questions?

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